

## *ISTQB*

*CTAL-TA*

*ISTQB Certified Tester Advanced Level - Test Analyst (CTAL-TA)*

**Questions And Answers PDF Format:**

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*Version = Product*



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# Latest Version: 6.0

## Question: 1

Which of the following would normally be delivered by the Test Analyst as part of the Test Closure activities?

Response:

- A. Open defect reports and known workarounds
- B. Finalized requirements specifications
- C. Use cases and/or user stories depending on the SDLC
- D. Quality risk analysis

**Answer: A**

## Question: 2

Assume you work for a company that has developed a software component to help users securely and easily manage all the passwords they have defined for different websites. This component is integrated into hundreds of websites, used by millions of people world-wide.

A new software version of the component is being developed. The main feature of this version is the integration with a specific operating system that does not currently support this component.

Which of the following does not qualify as an interoperability failure?

Response:

- A. Passwords are not saved for all websites which integrate with the component.
- B. 5% of the websites do not run on a specific operating system.
- C. Passwords are truncated on some browsers.
- D. Saving the passwords becomes too complicated for some users.

**Answer: D**

## Question: 3

You are preparing tests for UAT. There is a large set of existing test cases that have been used for the functional testing and you'd like to use those as a guideline for the UAT testers, allowing them to determine the data and exact steps they will use.

Which of the following test techniques would be most suitable to use in this situation?

Response:

- A. Error guessing

- B. Exploratory
- C. Use case
- D. Checklist

**Answer: D**

### Question: 4

Which of the following statements does NOT describe the use of classification trees to support blackbox test techniques

Response:

- A. classification trees support the identification of equivalence partitions
- B. classification trees support the identification of parameter combinations which are incompatible
- C. classification trees support the identification of rules to be used in a decision table
- D. classification trees support pairwise testing

**Answer: C**

### Question: 5

You have recently started a new job as a Test Analyst for a company that specializes in providing books and magazines for visually impaired consumers. You have been assigned the usability area and the project started on the same day you arrived. The deployment date is in one week.

What technique will you use on your first day?

Response:

- A. Review the test basis
- B. Interview the customer
- C. Verify the SUMI results
- D. Send a questionnaire to the target users

**Answer: A**

### Question: 6

Which of the following statements is correct regarding usability testing?

Response:

- A. The usability should be verified against the requirements and validated by the real users
- B. Validation of the usability requirements should be done after release to enable real users to participate

- C. Heuristic evaluation can be used to survey the users and find usability problems
- D. Usability can be verified by running a comparison with the existing unacceptable product .

**Answer: A**

### Question: 7

Functional appropriateness testing is usually conducted during  
Response:

- A. component and integration testing
- B. integration and system testing
- C. system and user acceptance testing
- D. acceptance testing, especially alpha and beta testing

**Answer: B**

### Question: 8

Which of the following answers describes the most appropriate and complete set of activities for the Test Analyst to focus on during test analysis and design?

Response:

- A. Analyze the test basis, select test case design techniques, create high level test conditions for risk mitigation, create test cases to achieve desired coverage of the test basis, create risk mitigation test cases.
- B. Analyze risks, create test conditions to address risks, create high level test cases to meet test conditions for risk mitigation, create all low-level test cases.
- C. Select test case design techniques, create high level test cases to meet test conditions, create high level test cases to mitigate risks, create low level tests cases to achieve desired coverage.
- D. Analyze the test basis, identify test conditions at appropriate levels to address the test basis, add test conditions for risk mitigation, select test case design techniques to achieve desired coverage, design test cases

**Answer: D**

### Question: 9

You want to test a new e-commerce application using exploratory testing. Which of the following would be a good charter to use to guide the testing of a particular element of the software?

Response:

- 
- A. Purchase a variety of items using valid and invalid credit and debit cards
  - B. Log in and buy some items
  - C. Log in, search, buy items, remove some from the shopping cart, buy more
  - D. Test the e-commerce application by emulating a user

**Answer: A**

### Question: 10

Which of the following statements define types of defect you would NOT typically consider in portability testing?

Response:

- A. An application does not function correctly in all intended target environments.
- B. Software cannot be installed for particular configurations.
- C. Users with disabilities cannot interact with the application.
- D. Certain software components within a system cannot be exchanged for others.
- E. Incorrect data exchange between interacting components.

**Answer: CE**

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